

BANKING ON INTELLIGENCE: THE AI REVOLUTION IN FINANCE

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ABSTRACT

Artificial Intelligence (AI) has emerged as a transformative force in the banking and financial services industry. This study explores the profound impact of AI technologies on enhancing operational efficiency, improving customer experiences, and strengthening risk management. Through analysing current trends and applications such as chatbots, fraud detection systems, credit scoring, and robo-advisors, the research highlights how AI is revolutionizing traditional banking models. The study also addresses challenges including data privacy, ethical considerations, and regulatory compliance. Findings suggest that AI-driven innovations are critical for financial institutions to maintain competitiveness and meet evolving customer demands.

Keywords: Artificial Intelligence, Banking, Financial Services, Fraud Detection, Customer Experience, Risk Management, Robo-Advisors, Fintech, Automation, Data Privacy.

INTRODUCTION

The banking and financial services sector is undergoing a significant transformation due to the rapid adoption of Artificial Intelligence (AI) technologies. AI refers to computer systems capable of performing tasks that typically require human intelligence, such as learning, decision-making, and natural language processing. In an era where digital banking and fintech innovations dominate, AI offers opportunities for enhanced efficiency, personalized services, and improved risk mitigation. Traditional banking processes often involve manual, time-consuming tasks prone to human error. AI enables automation of routine operations, predictive analytics for better decision-making, and sophisticated tools for fraud detection and cybersecurity. Moreover, AI-powered chatbots and robo-advisors provide customers with instant support and tailored financial advice, driving engagement and satisfaction. However, the integration of AI into financial services also raises concerns related to data security, privacy, and regulatory compliance. This study aims to provide a comprehensive overview of AI applications in banking, examine current challenges, and propose directions for future research and implementation.

REVIEW OF LITERATURE

The latest literature highlights how AI-driven customer service automation is reshaping the client-bank relationship by providing seamless, personalized interactions. **Kumar and Lee (2024)** studied AI-powered chatbots deployed by several global banks and reported that these systems improved customer satisfaction scores by 30% by delivering instant query resolution and 24/7 service availability.

Further, **Garcia et al. (2023)** examined the adoption of AI-based robo-advisors in wealth management, emphasizing their role in democratizing access to financial planning. Their study found that robo-advisors use real-time market data and individual risk profiles to optimize portfolios, attracting younger and tech-savvy investors who prefer digital channels over traditional advisors.

In addition, **Zhou & Wang (2025)** researched how AI-powered sentiment analysis on customer feedback and social media enables banks to proactively address issues and tailor products to customer needs. This predictive capability is helping financial institutions stay competitive by anticipating customer preferences and improving loyalty.

OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY

1. To assess how advanced AI models improve fraud detection accuracy and credit risk management by leveraging alternative data in banking.
2. To examine the impact of AI-powered chatbots and robo-advisors on customer satisfaction and personalized financial services in banks.

SCOPE OF THE STUDY

This study focuses on the application of Artificial Intelligence technologies in the banking and financial services sector, particularly in areas of fraud detection, credit risk management, and customer service automation. It examines recent advancements in AI models such as machine learning, deep learning, chatbots, and robo-advisors, and their impact on operational efficiency, customer satisfaction, and financial inclusion. The research primarily considers commercial banks and fintech companies adopting AI solutions globally, with an emphasis on data-driven decision-making and regulatory compliance.

LIMITATIONS OF THE STUDY

The study is limited by the availability and accessibility of proprietary data from financial institutions, which may affect the comprehensiveness of AI performance evaluation

STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM

Despite the growing adoption of Artificial Intelligence in banking and financial services, many institutions face challenges in effectively integrating AI technologies to enhance fraud detection, manage credit risks, and improve customer experience. Traditional methods are often inadequate for handling the volume and complexity of modern financial data, leading to inefficiencies, increased fraud losses, and unsatisfactory customer interactions. This study aims to investigate how advanced AI applications can overcome these challenges and transform banking operations, while also identifying the limitations and risks involved in AI deployment within the sector.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

This study adopts a **secondary data analysis** approach, relying on existing literature, industry reports, academic journals, and credible online sources published in the last two years (2023–2025). Data were collected from peer-reviewed articles, white papers, financial sector publications, and case studies on AI applications in banking and financial services. The analysis focuses on trends, effectiveness, challenges, and outcomes of AI-driven technologies such as fraud detection systems, credit risk analytics, chatbots, and robo-advisors. Secondary data enables a comprehensive understanding of AI's impact without the need for primary data collection, making the research feasible and timely.

FINDINGS

1. **AI significantly improves fraud detection accuracy** by using advanced machine learning models that reduce false positives and enable real-time transaction monitoring.
2. **Credit risk management benefits from AI's predictive analytics**, which incorporate alternative data sources to enhance decision-making and promote financial inclusion.
3. **AI-powered chatbots enhance customer service efficiency**, providing 24/7 instant responses and improving overall customer satisfaction.
4. **Robo-advisors democratize investment services**, making personalized financial advice accessible to a broader audience, especially younger customers.
5. **Integration of AI with regulatory technology (RegTech)** helps banks automate compliance and reduce operational risks

SUGGESTIONS

1. Banks should invest in continuous AI model training and updating to keep pace with evolving fraud tactics and financial risks.
2. Financial institutions need to ensure data privacy and ethical standards while implementing AI-driven customer services.
3. Collaboration between banks and fintech companies can accelerate innovation and the adoption of AI technologies.
4. Regulatory bodies should develop clear frameworks to guide the safe and responsible use of AI in banking.
5. Further research should explore the long-term impacts of AI on employment and human roles within financial services.

CONCLUSION

Artificial Intelligence is revolutionizing the banking and financial services industry by enhancing fraud detection, improving credit risk management, and transforming customer experience through automation. The adoption of AI technologies offers substantial benefits in operational efficiency and service personalization. However, successful implementation requires addressing data privacy, ethical concerns, and regulatory compliance. Continued innovation and collaboration between stakeholders will be key to unlocking AI's full potential in reshaping the future of finance.

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